
Hazards Due to Misuse of Extension Cords

The misuse of extension cords has contributed to increasing reports of electrical fires in Ontario over the past year. Do not become a statistic.

In the past ten years there have been five fatalities, and numerous fires in Ontario associated with the misuse of extension cords.

The Electrical Safety Authority warns consumers to use extension cords safely - follow these important rules. Only use extension cords:

- **That are rated for the particular task:**
Select the appropriate cord for the application. Not all cords are created equal, some are designed for exterior use, others interior use only, some for hard usage in wet locations, others not.
- **For temporary installations:**
Flexible extension cords must never take the place of permanent wiring; they are not designed or intended for permanent installations. Once the task has been completed, the cord should always be disconnected and properly stored away for future use.
- **for portable electrical equipment:**
always follow the manufacturers instructions.

Failure to use and maintain extension cords in the manner they were intended may create a fire or shock hazard that puts you or your family at risk.

Safe use of Extension Cords

ESA encourages consumers to ask the following questions before using an extension cord:

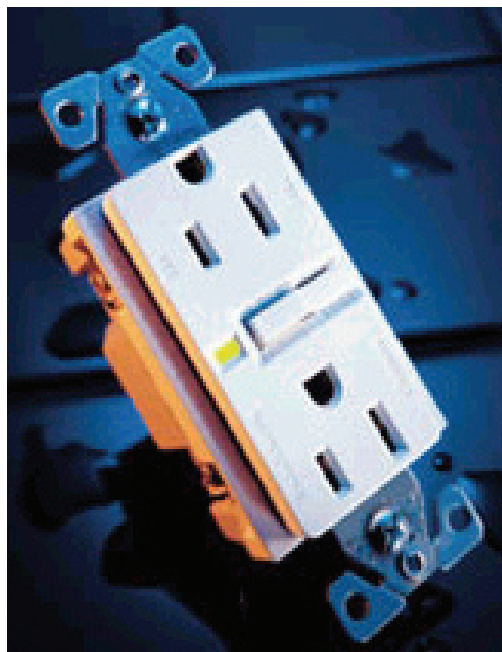
- Will I use the cord indoors or outdoors?
- What is the total current or wattage rating of the appliances I'll use with the cord?
- How far is the nearest outlet from where I'll be working?

Will I use the cord indoors or outdoors?

The first step in determining which extension cord you will need is to decide whether you will be using the appliance indoors or outdoors. Extension cords that can be used outdoors will be clearly marked "Suitable for Use with Outdoor Appliances." Never use an indoor extension cord outdoors; it could result in an electric shock or fire hazard.

**IF YOU ARE WORKING OUTDOORS
PURCHASE AN OUTDOOR RATED
EXTENSION CORD – IT'S A SMALL PRICE
TO PAY FOR SAFETY.**

The Ontario Electrical Safety Code requires all receptacles on residential properties located outdoors, below 1.5m be ground fault circuit interrupter protected. Please ensure that all portable electrical equipment used outdoors has GFCI protection, your life may depend on it.



What is the total current or wattage rating of the appliances I'll use with the cord?

Extension cords are labeled with valuable information as to the use, size, current and wattage rating of the cord. Cords are offered in many lengths and are marked with a size or "gauge." The gauge is based on the American Wire Gauge (AWG) System, in which the larger the wire, the smaller the AWG number. For example, a 14 gauge wire would be larger, and can power larger wattage appliances, than a 16 gauge wire.

IF YOU DON'T HAVE A PROPERLY RATED CORD PURCHASE A NEW EXTENSION CORD – IT'S A SMALL PRICE TO PAY FOR SAFETY.

How far is the nearest outlet from where I'll be working?

To determine what size -- or gauge -- cord you will need, you will also have to determine how long you need the cord to be. A cord, based on

its gauge, can power an appliance of a certain wattage only at specific distances. As the cord gets longer, the current carrying capacity of the cord gets lower. For example, a 16 gauge extension cord less than 50 feet in length can power a 1625 watt (W) appliance. A 16 gauge cord that is longer than 50 feet in length can only power an appliance up to 1250W. If you are going to use the extension cord with two or more appliances, you must add together the wattage rating for all appliances used on the cord to determine the gauge size you will need.

Power Bars

Power bars not unlike extension cords are also widely misused. The safety steps listed above are required to determine if the power bar is suitable for your intended application. ESA recommends that you purchase power bars with a minimum 14 gauge copper conductor to ensure a higher level of safety. The practice of daisy chaining power bars is not recommended by ESA.

Quick Safety Tips

- Look for Certification Marks on extension cords you purchase. The Certification Mark means that representative samples of the cord have been tested for foreseeable safety hazards. See recognized Marks below.
- Only use extension cords on a temporary basis.
- Store all cords indoors when not in use. Never keep an extension cord plugged in when not in use. Inspect the cord before you use it for areas that are cracked or frayed. Do not use extension cords that are frayed, cut or damaged.
- Never file or cut the plug blades or grounding pin on an extension cord or appliance to plug it into an old outlet.
- As a safety feature, extension cords and most appliances have polarized plugs (one blade wider than the other). These special plugs are designed to prevent electric shock by properly aligning circuit conductors. If a plug does not fit, have a qualified electrician install a new outlet.
- Don't use staples or nails to attach extension cords to a baseboard or to another surface. Insert plugs properly so that no part of the prongs are exposed when in use.
- Never use an extension cord while it is coiled or looped.
- Never cover any part of an extension cord with newspapers, clothing, rugs, or any objects while the cord is in use.
- Never place an extension cord where it is likely to be damaged by heavy furniture or foot traffic.
- When using outdoor tools and appliances, use only extension cords labeled for outdoor use.
- When disconnecting cords, pull the plug rather than the cord itself.
- Teach children not to play with plugs and outlets.

By using extension cords properly, you and your family can enjoy longer, safer use of your power tools and garden appliances. For the most current list of recognized certification and field evaluation agencies, visit the Electrical Product Safety section of www.esasafe.com.